OYCR | Office of Youth and Community Restoration

JUVENILE JUSTICE REALIGNMENT BLOCK GRANT ANNUAL PLAN

MAIN CONTACT FOR PLAN

Date: 5/1/2026

County Name: Tehama

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BACKGROUND AND INSTRUCTIONS:

Welfare and Institutions Code (WIC) Sections 1990 through 1995 establish the Juvenile Justice Realignment Block Grant (JJRBG) program, which supports county-based care, custody, and supervision of youth who were previously eligible for commitment to the Division of Juvenile Justice (DJJ) prior to its closure. Section 1995, which governs the county planning process, was amended by Assembly Bill 118 (Chapter 96, Statutes of 2025). This template reflects those amendments, which take effect January 1, 2026. All statutory references in this document are to the law as amended. The statutory language can be found here.

To be eligible for funding allocations associated with this grant program, counties shall create a subcommittee of the multiagency juvenile justice coordinating council to develop a plan describing the facilities, programs, placements, services, supervision, and reentry strategies that are needed to provide appropriate rehabilitative services for realigned youth. (Welf. & Inst. Code § 1995(a).) OYCR may request revisions as necessary or request completion of the required statutory elements in the plan prior to final acceptance of the plan. (Welf. & Inst. Code § 1995 (f).) Plans and the date of their acceptance will be posted to the Office of Youth and Community Restoration website. (Welf. & Inst. Code § 1995(g).)

There are ten sections to the plan:

Part 1: Subcommittee Composition
Part 2: Target Population
Part 3: Programs and Services
Part 4: Juvenile Justice Realignment Block Grant Funds
Part 5: Facility Plan
Part 6: Retaining the Target Population in the Juvenile Justice System
Part 7: Regional Efforts
Part 8: Data
Part 9: Other Updates
Part 10: Expenditure Summary

PART 1: SUBCOMMITTEE COMPOSITION AND PROCESS (WELF. & INST. CODE §§ 1995 (B) AND (C))

List the subcommittee members, agency affiliation where applicable, and contact information:

Agency	Name and Title	Email	Phone Number
Chief Probation Officer (Chair)	Pamela Gonzalez, Chief Probation Officer	pgonzalez@tcprobation.org	530-527-4052
Co-Chair (*If Applicable*)			
District Attorney's Office Representative	Matthew Rogers County DA	mrogers@tehamada.org	530-527-3053
Public Defender's Office Representative	Christopher Logan Public Defender	Christopherrlogan@att.net	530-529-4266
Department of Social Services Representative	Bekkie Emery Director	BEmery@tcdss.org	530-527-1911
Department of Mental Health	Jayme Bottke Executive Director	Jayme.Bottke@tchsa.net	530-527-8491
Office of Education Representative	Jared Caylor Superintendent	jcaylor@tehamaschools.org	530-528-5811
Court Representative	Kevin Harrigan Court Exec Officer	kharrigan@tehamacourt.ca.gov	530-527-3484
Three Community Members (*defined as "individuals who have experience providing community-based youth services, youth justice advocates with expertise and knowledge of the juvenile justice system, or have been directly involved in the juvenile justice system" (Welf. & Inst. Code § 1995(b).)*)	Dave Nichols Community Member	Bossman3056@gmail.com	530-356-8511
	Jennifer Anspach MSW, LCSW CBO	jennifera@empowertehama.org	530-727-1277
	Carrie Ferchaud CBO	cferchaud@jobtrainingcenter.org	530-727-5600

Additional Subcommittee Participants			
Tehama County Sheriff's Department	Dave Kain Sheriff	dkain@tehamaso.org	530-527-7950

Red Bluff Police Department	Quentin Ortega Chief	QOrtega@rbpd.org	530-527-3131
Corning Police Department	Craig Bassett Chief	cbassett@corningpd.org	530-824-7000
Tehama County Board of Supervisors	Matt Hansen Supervisor	mhansen@tehama.gov	530-527-3287
Juvenile Justice Commission	Linda Lucas	rluca@sbcglobal.net	530-527-2460

Describe the process used to determine whether to select a co-chair for your subcommittee (Welf. & Inst. Code § 1995(b)):

Provide the dates of the last two meetings that the subcommittee convened to discuss your county's JJRBG plan?

Meeting Date 1: 6/16/25 Meeting Date 2: 4/22/26

Additional meeting dates of the subcommittee, if applicable:

Date that the subcommittee approved the plan by a majority vote: 4/22/26

Describe how the plan was developed, including the review and participation of the subcommittee community members as defined in Welf. & Inst. Code § 1995(b):

The plan was developed by reviewing the previous years' plans and adapting it to what is relevant today. Many of the subcommittee members participated in the creation of Tehama County's original plan. The plan was agreed upon by a majority of the subcommittee

PART 2: TARGET POPULATION (WELF. & INST. CODE § 1995(D)(1))

Briefly describe the County's realignment target population supported by the block grant.

The "target population" is defined as "youth who were eligible for commitment to the Division of Juvenile Justice prior to its closure* and *shall further be defined as persons who are adjudicated to be a ward of the juvenile court based on an offense described in subdivision (b) of Section 707 or an offense described in Section 290.008 of the Penal Code." (*Welf. & Inst. Code § *1990(b))

Tehama County provides county-based custody, care, and supervision to local and out of county youth whose most recent adjudicated offense is described in WIC 707(b) and is defined under WIC 1990(b), in cases where the Juvenile Court has made a finding that less restrictive alternative dispositions are unsuitable and the disposition includes a secure track commitment.

Additionally, youth who are adjudged wards of the court based on an offense described in subdivision (b) of Section 707 or an offense described in Section 290.008 of the Penal Code are also included in the target

population. These youth range from ages 14 to 25 and include both male and female youth of various religious and ethnic backgrounds.

Due to us being a rural county, with a smaller population, these resources will be used to support other youth involved in the juvenile justice system as well.

Tehama County has contracted to provide programs and treatment for youth meeting the above targets for Modoc, Lassen, Lake, Glenn, Siskiyou, Plumas, and Trinity Counties.

Demographics of identified target population, including anticipated numbers of youth served, disaggregated by factors including age, gender, race or ethnicity, and offense/offense history.

Tehama County Probation is a regional detention facility for eight northern counties, with a capacity for approximately 64 youth locally and is anticipating serving youth 14 to 18, and up to age 26 depending on the length of the disposition ordered by the Juvenile Court.

Since SB 823 went into effect on July 1, 2021, there have been five Tehama County youth who have been sentenced to a secure track commitment; and there have been approximately [redacted] youth who have been declared wards of the court after being adjudicated of a 707(b) offense. The same low numbers apply to our contracting counties, therefore, it is anticipated the number of commitments will remain low.

Approximate demographics for youth in the target population from Tehama County as of June 30, 2025, are as follows:

• Gender: [redacted] Males, and [redacted] Females.

• Age: 12 = 0% 13 = [redacted] 14= [redacted] 15 = 0% 16 = 0% 17 = [redacted] 18 = [redacted] over 18 = [redacted]

• The ethnicity juveniles in the target population is approximately: [redacted] White [redacted] Hispanic

• Crimes committed by Tehama County's target population are: Violent/Firearm = [redacted] Sex Offense = [redacted]

Describe the target population disaggregated by programs, placements and/or facilities to which they have been referred.

Several lower-level interventions provided by the Probation Department are available to youth prior to a long-term commitment of this nature becoming necessary. However, at times the serious nature of the adjudicated offense(s) and consideration for public safety will outweigh the opportunity for youth to be tried in lower-level options. A brief description of the Probation Department's continuum of care is described below:

<u>Out of Custody referrals for Youth not on Probation Status</u>

Tehama County Probation receives multiple police reports a month. Each report is reviewed by a supervisor to determine what, if any, action will be taken. Referrals to other services or warning letters are sent to parents of youth with no prior record for any report received alleging charges that carry no confinement time and some low-level misdemeanors.

<u>Lower-Level Interventions for Youth on Probation Status</u>

Once youth have been placed under the supervision of the Probation Department by the Juvenile Court, a Juvenile Assessment and Intervention System (JAIS) tool is used to determine risk to reoffend (high,

moderate, or low) and criminogenic needs that must be addressed while on supervision, which guides the development of an individualized case plan. Lower-level interventions may be appropriate for redirection prior to consideration for a commitment to a local custodial program. These options include community service and treatment referrals to a variety of community-based organizations. These interventions are typically ordered by the Juvenile Court in conjunction with terms of probation-based supervision of youth while they live at home in the community. Out-of-Home placement is an option of last resort for youth whose parent/guardian are unable to properly provide care or where the home is unsafe or unsuitable.

In-Custody Dispositional Options for Intervention

Youth determined to need in-custody treatment can be committed by the Juvenile Court to custodial commitment programs. These youth are composed primarily of those who, because of their level of delinquent behavior and risk to reoffend, require in-custody service provision and supervision. Upon release, most youth return to the community under Probation Department supervision. The programs offered are as follows:

• Juvenile Hall – Tehama County Juvenile Detention Facility is a secure detention facility for youth who fall under the jurisdiction of the Juvenile Court. Youth detained at Juvenile Hall are alleged to have committed a law violation and are detained for the protection of themselves and/or the community or are serving a short-term Juvenile Court ordered commitment. The Juvenile Hall program is structured to provide individual and group activities, behavioral treatment, and a well-balanced school program. All youth booked into Juvenile Hall are screened for risk factors, suicidal/self-harming ideation, sexual abuse through the Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) questionnaire, and general health assessment is made.

• Changing ARMOR – Located within the Tehama County Juvenile Detention Facility is the Changing ARMOR Program, an in-custody 180/120 day program for youth between the ages of 16-20, utilizing a five phase, points-based program that focuses on (A)ttitude, (R)esponsibility, (M)otivation, (O)utlook, and (R)espect. The primary objectives of the program are community protection and redirection of delinquent behaviors. Changing ARMOR is a behavior modification program supported by evidence based programming designed to match a youth's strengths and needs to assist them in taking responsibility for their actions and develop new life and coping skills. To participate in the program all youth must first be deemed a suitable candidate by their probation officer and court ordered by their County Judge to the 180-day maximum confinement.

• Maxine Singer Youth Guidance Center (aka: Camp Singer) – Tehama County contracts with Yuba and Sutter County Probation Departments to have youth attend the Maxine Singer Youth Guidance Center Camp Singer program as an alternative to out-of-home placement and extended juvenile hall stays. Camp Singer is a 365-day court commitment program for youth ages 14 and older, wherein the last phase is spent on a family furlough. Youth have the ability to graduate from the program up to six months earlier if their behavior and individual progress warrants an early release. The primary objectives of Camp Singer are to focus on community protection and redirection of maladaptive behaviors. Camp Singer focuses on providing a highly structured and disciplined environment which will help curb the youth's delinquent behavior.

- Resourceful Adolescent Program- Tehama County Probation contracts with Northern Valley Catholic Social Services to provide the Resourceful Adolescent Program (RAP). This program was designed as a prevention program that aims to build resilience, enhance coping skills, and reduce risk factors associated with depression, anxiety, and emotional distress. Group sessions are once a week for 40-50 minutes and focus on recognizing strengths, building confidence, managing emotions, self-regulation, cognitive behavioral tools, problem-solving skills, navigating relationships, reducing conflict, building support networks, empathy, promoting peacekeeping, and healthy decision-making.

- Seven Challenges Program for Adolescents- Since the previous annual plan submission, Tehama County Probation has partnered with Children's First to offer the Seven Challenges Program for in

custody and out of custody youth. This program targets drug addiction and abuse and aims to meet youth where they are, which is usually resistant and reluctant to change. Counselors avoid power struggles and insincere commitments to change by striving for honesty and engagement. They use education, finesse, and respectful confrontation to lead youth toward a drug free lifestyle by taking a slow but steady approach.

- Aggression Replacement Training (ART)- ART is made up of three components including Skill Streaming, Anger Control Training, and Moral Reasoning. ART group targets emotions, behaviors, and cognitions that contribute to the complex character of aggression. In Skill Streaming, the youth will learn social skills so that they can communicate with people more effectively. In Anger Control Training the youth will learn about anger and how to manage it effectively. In Moral Reasoning Training, the youth will learn how to make more decisions that are appropriate.

- Moral Reconation Therapy (MRT)- A systematic treatment strategy that seeks to decrease recidivism among juvenile and adult criminal offenders by increasing moral reasoning. Its cognitive-behavioral approach combines elements from a variety of psychological traditions to progressively address ego, social, moral, and positive behavioral growth. MRT takes the form of group and individual counseling using structured group exercises and prescribed homework assignments. The MRT workbook is structured around 16 objectively defined steps (units) focusing on seven basic treatment issues: confrontation of beliefs, attitudes, and behaviors; assessment of current relationships; reinforcement of positive behavior and habits; positive identity formation; enhancement of self-concept; decrease in hedonism and development of frustration tolerance; and development of higher stages of moral reasoning.

PART 3: PROGRAMS AND SERVICES (WELF. & INST. CODE § 1995(D)(2))

Provide a description of the facilities, programs, placements, services and service providers, supervision, and other responses that will be provided to the target population. Describe any progress made on this element since the previous annual plan submission (Welf. & Inst. Code §1995(d)(2) and (d)(8)):

FACILITY

The Juvenile Detention Facility (JDF) is a secure residential institution with an operational capacity of 64 beds. The facility plant is divided into three pods each having 6 double and 8 single occupancy rooms with a dayroom for structured activities and a classroom in each pod. The facility also includes an intake unit with 4 additional single room cells with negative air flow to be used for any communicable disease isolation, an additional room which is used for mental health counseling, and a family visitation area. The physical plant includes a full kitchen, an elevated control tower with window views into all 3 pods and intake, and a fenced recreation area. Youth housed at the JDF are separated and assigned to one of the 3 pods according to age, gender, sophistication, behavioral history, mental health needs, and presenting offense.

On November 16, 2021, the Tehama County Board of Supervisors approved a plan for staffing and programming of the Tehama County Secured Youth Treatment Facility.

PROGRAMS AND SERVICES

All youth housed at the JDF will be provided with access to treatment and services that promote and support rehabilitation, a safe, healthy, and secure environment, and successful reentry into the community.

Case Management

A Deputy Probation Officer, assigned to JDF case planning and programming, oversees all evidence-based treatment programming and services for youth who are ordered by their jurisdictional judge to serve a commitment of thirty days or more. The Deputy Probation Officer works with the youth and his/her probation officer in completing a full assessment to determine the youth's needs while in the program, with the goal of rehabilitating the youth by providing evidence-based behavior modification tools and training to assist them in a successful transition back into their community. The Deputy Probation Officer assists the youth and their probation officer in coordinating monthly face-to-face meetings to review the youth's progress and make modifications throughout the youth's program to attain predetermined set goals. The Deputy Probation Officer is on-site to provide emotional support to the youth, initiating daily structured programming to benefit the youth's active program participation and adolescent development, as well as provide quality control of programming and activities within the institution. Two weeks prior to the youth's projected release from the facility the Deputy Probation Officer schedules a pre-release exit meeting with the youth, his/her probation officer, his/her parent(s)/guardian(s) and/or any outside support person(s) who are deemed to be a positive influence in the youth's life, and any service providers to develop an exit case plan on behalf of the youth to support them as they transition back into their communities.

Supervision

To provide rehabilitative services to youth, safety and security must be a core tenant. Youth will only be able to thrive when they feel safe and secure. Juvenile Detention Officers (JDO) will provide this population supervision and guidance in day-to-day activities. They are trained in both de-escalation techniques as well as Crisis Prevention Intervention (CPI) and defensive tactics. A philosophy of "accountability and opportunity" will

be employed in daily supervision efforts. Youth will be held accountable for misbehavior but also provided with an opportunity to redirect their negative behavior.

Child and Family Team meeting (CFT):

CFT's are conducted with youth prior to their release from custody and other times when it is determined it will be a benefit. Both formal professionals and informal supports come together to create and monitor a plan that meets the youth's needs. The goal is to keep the youth safe, stable, and progressing, ideally in the least restrictive environment. CFT's are designed to make decisions with families, not for them. CFT's are broad and individualized, but typically include the minor, parents or caregivers, probation officers, social workers, behavioral health providers, school personnel, natural supports and service providers. The team as a whole develops a case plan, addresses safety concerns, coordinates services across systems (court, school, mental health), supports family engagement and reunification when appropriate, and reduces reliance on higher levels of care (group homes or custody).

Medical Services

Medical services will be provided through Tehama County Health Services Agency, who are on-site 3 days per week to complete initial physical assessment on all newly booked youth as well as any medical issues that arise with in-custody youth. They are also available for after-hour emergency calls. However, imminent emergency and after-hours services are provided through St Elizabeth's Community Hospital.

Behavioral Health Services

The Tehama County Health Services Agency will be the primary provider of behavioral health services on-site. They provide mental health counseling and suicide risk assessments. Additional psychiatric services will be contracted based on assessed need.

Empower Tehama, a non-profit community-based organization, will provide mental health counseling to CSEC youth and youth exposed to domestic violence.

The Tehama County Department of Education will be providing on-site general behavioral counseling services to all youth, as well as evidence-based, behavioral intervention programming via open group format or individually. Thinking for Change and Aggression Replacement Therapy are examples of programs that will be offered and all programming will focus on social skills, mindfulness, trauma informed care, healthy relationships (domestic violence focused), suicide prevention and parent and/or family counseling.

Resourceful Adolescent Program

Since the previous annual plan submission, Tehama County Probation has developed a contract with Northern Valley Catholic Social Services to provide the Resourceful Adolescent Program (RAP), which serves in custody and out of custody youth. This program was designed as a prevention program that aims to build resilience, enhance coping skills, and reduce risk factors associated with depression, anxiety, and emotional distress. Group sessions are once a week for 40-50 minutes and focus on recognizing strengths, building confidence, managing emotions, self-regulation, cognitive behavioral tools, problem-solving skills, navigating relationships, reducing conflict, building support networks, empathy, promoting peacekeeping, and healthy decision-making.

Seven Challenges Program for Adolescents

Since the previous annual plan submission, Tehama County Probation has partnered with Children's First to offer the Seven Challenges Program for in custody and out of custody youth. This program targets drug addiction and abuse and aims to meet youth where they are, which is usually resistant and reluctant to change.

Counselors avoid power struggles and insincere commitments to change by striving for honesty and engagement. They use education, finesse, and respectful confrontation to lead youth toward a drug free lifestyle by taking a slow but steady approach.

Aggression Replacement Training (ART)

ART is made up of three components including Skill Streaming, Anger Control Training, and Moral Reasoning. ART group targets emotions, behaviors, and cognitions that contribute to the complex character of aggression. In Skill Streaming, the youth will learn social skills so that they can communicate with people more effectively. In Anger Control Training the youth will learn about anger and how to manage it effectively. In Moral Reasoning Training, the youth will learn how to make more decisions that are appropriate.

Moral Reconation Therapy (MRT)

A systematic treatment strategy that seeks to decrease recidivism among juvenile and adult criminal offenders by increasing moral reasoning. Its cognitive-behavioral approach combines elements from a variety of psychological traditions to progressively address ego, social, moral, and positive behavioral growth. MRT takes the form of group and individual counseling using structured group exercises and prescribed homework assignments. The MRT workbook is structured around 16 objectively defined steps (units) focusing on seven basic treatment issues: confrontation of beliefs, attitudes, and behaviors; assessment of current relationships; reinforcement of positive behavior and habits; positive identity formation; enhancement of self-concept; decrease in hedonism and development of frustration tolerance; and development of higher stages of moral reasoning.

Educational Programs

Tehama Oaks: The Tehama County Department of Education operates Tehama Oaks. The school consists of a school office and two classrooms in separate pods. Staff include a principal, a transition specialist, and teachers. The courses offered include English Language Arts, Mathematics, Science, Social Studies, History, and Art. Tehama Oaks is fully accredited by the Western Association of Schools and Colleges (WASC). All students are dually enrolled in Shasta College. Students have access to apply for FAFSA (Free Application for Federal Student Aid) and college registration.

Step-Up: Students who are high school graduates will have access to the Shasta Technical Education Program-United Partnership (aka: STEP-UP) which is a partnership program through Shasta College. The STEP-UP program combines support with accountability and community to assist students in making the transition to becoming successful, contributing member of society. Among the academic programs that STEP-UP supports: Adult Education, Agriculture, Automotive Technology, Business Administration, Culinary Arts, Equipment Operations and Maintenance, Industrial Technology, Office Administration, Welding Technology and more. STEP-UP also provides assistance for employment skills development and job searches.

Makers Space: Tehama County is also proud to have one of the only known Makers Spaces to exist in a correctional environment. Makers Spaces are commonly associated as community centers with tools. They combine manufacturing equipment, electronics, art, video production, and education for the purpose of enabling community members to design, prototype and create works. To define our Makers Space by its purpose and simplest forms, it is a place where young people have an opportunity to explore their own interest, learn to use tools and materials, both physical and virtual, and develop their education through creative projects.

Food Handlers Certificate: Youth will be able to attain their culinary and food handlers certificates and gain experience working in the juvenile detention facility kitchen learning how to prepare nutritious meals, in a safe and secure environment.

Culinary Program: This program is overseen by the JDF Counselors and the kitchen's Dietary Supervisor. Youth have the opportunity to work in the kitchen and learn culinary skills. We've partnered with Shasta College to provide college level courses in which the youth earn college credits under the supervision of a college instructor. The JDF kitchen is partnered with Meals on Wheels (Senior Nutrition) and produces over 200 meals per day for Seniors enrolled in the program. The youth are able to assist in preparing these meals, which is a direct benefit to the community. Through this program the youth learn how to prepare their own food, the importance of proper nutrition, and food safety. Each youth in the JDF receives their food handlers' certificate through the on-site school (Tehama Oaks).

Gardening Program: This program is overseen by the JDF Counselors. Youth are taken to our on-site garden where they participate in landscaping projects, general gardening, and harvesting. We've partnered with Shasta College to provide college level gardening courses under the instruction of a college instructor and the youth receive college credits for their participation. The garden produces fruits and vegetables which are utilized by the JDF's kitchen to help supplement the youth's diets. Any excess produce is provided to local shelters and food sharing programs. The youth enrolled in this program learn valuable skills and can take pride in growing their own food.

Changing ARMOR

Located within the Tehama County Juvenile Detention Facility is the Changing ARMOR Program, an in custody 180/120 day program for youth between the ages of 16-20, utilizing a five phase, points-based program that focuses on (A)ttitude, (R)esponsibility, (M)otivation, (O)utlook, and (R)espect. The primary objectives of the program are community protection and redirection of delinquent behaviors. Changing ARMOR is a behavior modification program supported by evidence-based programming designed to match a youth's strengths and needs in order to assist them in taking responsibility for their actions and develop new life and coping skills. In order to participate in the program all youth must first be deemed a suitable candidate by their probation officer and court ordered by their County Judge to the 180-day maximum confinement.

Volunteer Services

Cooperation with faith-based organizations has traditionally been strong. Volunteers in the community offer non-denominational services where youth are free to exercise their individual religious liberties as they choose, with safety and security in mind.

Maxine Singer Youth Guidance Center (aka: Camp Singer)

Tehama County contracts with Yuba and Sutter County Probation Departments to have youth attend the Maxine Singer Youth Guidance Center Camp Singer program as an alternative to out-of-home placement and extended juvenile hall stays. Camp Singer is a 365-day court commitment program for youth ages 14 and older, wherein the last phase is spent on a family furlough. Youth have the ability to graduate from the program up to six months earlier if their behavior and individual progress warrants an early release. The primary objectives of Camp Singer are to focus on community protection and redirection of maladaptive behaviors. Camp Singer focuses on providing a highly structured and disciplined environment which will help curb the youth's delinquent behavior.

Other Unidentified Contracted Specialized Programs and Services

As we move forward with this population, it is recognized that service and programming gaps will likely be discovered. These may be vocational, recreational, treatment, or another area. Probation will address these service gaps through contracted services, volunteer-based partnerships, and collaborative agency workgroups to help leverage resources and direct services based on the needs of the realigned populations.

PART 4: JUVENILE JUSTICE REALIGNMENT BLOCK GRANT FUNDS (WELF. & INST. CODE § 1995(D)(3))

Describe how the County plans to apply grant funds to address the mental health, sex offender treatment, or related behavioral or trauma-based needs of the target population. Describe any progress made on this element since the previous annual plan submission (Welf. & Inst. Code §1995(d)(2) and (d)(8)):

Tehama County Health Services Agency (TCHSA) and Tehama County Department of Education (TCDE) are the primary providers of behavioral health services on-site. They provide an array of evidence-based group programs as well as individual therapeutic interventions. Further exploration and implementation of programs best suited for this new population will be an ongoing priority. Psychological medication management will also be done in conjunction with TCHSA with contracted psychiatrists. TCHSA will assist in the transition from custody plans related to mental health services post-release, as most of these youth will be eligible for services under the Transitional Age Youth (TAY) program and the adult system of care once out of custody.

Programs

Aggression Replacement Training (ART) (10 weeks, 30 sessions): ART is made up of three components including Skill Streaming, Anger Control Training, and Moral Reasoning. ART group targets emotions, behaviors, and cognitions that contribute to the complex character of aggression. In Skill Streaming, the youth will learn social skills so that they can communicate with people more effectively. In Anger Control Training the youth will learn about anger and how to manage it effectively. In Moral Reasoning Training, the youth will learn how to make more decisions that are appropriate.

Thinking for a Change (T4C) (8 weeks, 25 sessions): Focuses on problem solving, social skills, and cognitive restructuring. Youth will learn social skills such as 11 active listening, giving feedback and responding to anger. Youth will also learn how thinking impacts behavior. The last six sessions focus on problem solving, addressing goal setting, choices, and consequences.

Moral Reconation Therapy (MRT): A systematic treatment strategy that seeks to decrease recidivism among juvenile and adult criminal offenders by increasing moral reasoning. Its cognitive-behavioral approach combines elements from a variety of psychological traditions to progressively address ego, social, moral, and positive behavioral growth. MRT takes the form of group and individual counseling using structured group exercises and prescribed homework assignments. The MRT workbook is structured around 16 objectively defined steps (units) focusing on seven basic treatment issues: confrontation of beliefs, attitudes, and behaviors; assessment of current relationships; reinforcement of positive behavior and habits; positive identity formation; enhancement of self-concept; decrease in hedonism and development of frustration tolerance; and development of higher stages of moral reasoning.

Contracted Specialized Services for Youth

Sex Offender Services: Probation will attempt to house sex offenders if treatment services deemed appropriate are available locally. However, it is also possible certain sex offenders will require a level of treatment necessitating a regional contract with another county who could provide group-based services with like offenders. Certain youth, depending on their circumstances or specialized needs, may benefit from a non-local custodial placement.

Trauma Informed Care Based Approach: Tehama County Probation is dedicated to a Trauma Informed Care (TIC) based approach. The first part of TIC in the Juvenile Justice System is to recognize that most of the affected youth have experienced trauma in their lives. The next step is to put policies in place which attempt to minimize the potential for re-traumatization. Providing services and outlets to address trauma through both treatment and positive staff interactions is also key. Ongoing training will be a priority to ensure the permanency of these practices. To support ongoing training efforts a Juvenile Detention Facility Supervisor will be dedicated to overseeing research and coordinating formal and informal training for the facility and collaborative partners, with a primary focus on emerging TIC and behavioral health minded approaches to staff/youth interactions to supplement and enhance current training efforts already in place.

Describe how the County plans to apply grant funds to address support programs or services that promote healthy adolescent development for the target population. Describe any progress made on this element since the previous annual plan submission (Welf. & Inst. Code §1995(d)(2) and (d)(8)):

Youth will have access to a variety of programs and services designed to promote healthy adolescent behavior. Some of the specific evidenced-based, pro-social, and best-practice programs related to this area are more fully described in Part 3 of this plan. In addition to those, other services directed at healthy adolescent development will include volunteer-based, educational, recreational, redirection and vocational based programs and supports. As we move forward with this population it is recognized that the service gaps will likely be discovered. Some of these may be related to the need for additional supports and services to help further promote healthy adolescent development. Probation will address service gaps through contracted services, volunteer-based partnerships, and collaborative agency workgroups to help leverage resources and direct services based on the needs of the realigned population.

Describe how the County plans to apply grant funds to address family engagement in programs for the target population. Describe any progress made on this element since the previous annual plan submission (Welf. & Inst. Code §1995(d)(2) and (d)(8)):

Youth will have access to groups designed to enhance the transition back to the community and maintain a strong family unit. Bolstering a robust, sturdy family unit will be a core concept in the program. Family members are preferred to be involved in every step of the youths' programs and transitions back into the community. The more involved the family is in the treatment experience, the better the understanding, respect, and trust to solidify the successful return to the community will be.

Visitation: Regular visiting will be accessible to parents or legal guardians to continue and further develop family ties. Visiting will be accessible at the facility, either in person or remotely via phone call or ZOOM conference. Consideration will be given to expand visiting options to include additional family members, such as siblings, grandparents, spiritual advisors, and mentors. For youth who are parents, opportunities will be available for regular baby visits as well. Youth will have on-site visits with their children and typically their parent/guardian. Future baby visits may include both the youth and the other parent to allow for family unity, however, suitability for this will be assessed on a case-by-case basis.

Special Events and Engagements: Youth who are progressing strongly through their program and meet the criteria may be able to be eligible for passes to attend life events such as graduations, births, and funeral services. On-site outdoor picnics may be allowed provided the youth meets classification and behavior criteria.

Child and Family Team meeting (CFT): CFT's are conducted with youth prior to their release from custody and other times when it is determined it will be a benefit. Both formal professionals and informal supports come together to create and monitor a plan that meets the youth's needs. The goal is to keep the youth safe, stable, and progressing, ideally in the least restrictive environment. CFT's are designed to make decisions with

families, not for them. CFT's are broad and individualized, but typically include the minor, parents or caregivers, probation officers, social workers, behavioral health providers, school personnel, natural supports and service providers. The team as a whole develops a case plan, addresses safety concerns, coordinates services across systems (court, school, mental health), supports family engagement and reunification, when appropriate and reduces reliance on higher levels of care (group homes or custody).

Family Engagement Programs:

Parent Project: The Parent Project's Changing Destructive Adolescent Behavior is a behaviorally based psychoeducational program for parents of acting out adolescents and older children which is presented only by trained Certified Parent Project Facilitators. Changing Destructive Adolescent Behavior requires parents to attend a minimum of twenty hours of activity-based, highly structured classroom instruction, and six hours of support group involvement. Groups operate under the UCLA Self-Help Support Group Model and may continue to meet indefinitely. Thus, Changing Destructive Adolescent Behavior is not only a parent-training module, but also contains a subsequent ongoing support group component. The program follows the 216-page curriculum, A Parents' Guide to Changing Destructive Adolescent Behavior. This program can serve as a stand-alone intervention for less severe issues, or concurrent with more traditional service delivery systems such as individual/family counseling, psychiatric treatment, inpatient, or residential care. There are four 12-week sessions offered per year and are held in the Juvenile Detention Facility lobby and at local schools. Facilitators are trained probation staff, and the classes are offered not only to parents of offenders, but also to other parents in the community who would like to enhance their parenting skills.

Describe how the County plans to apply grant funds to address reentry, including planning and linkages to support employment, housing, and continuing education for the target population. Describe any progress made on this element since the previous annual plan submission (Welf. & Inst. Code §1995(d)(2) and (d)(8)):

Re-entry Supports: The average length of stay in DJJ was approximately 28 months. It is anticipated that will remain similar moving forward with the development and sentencing structures for local commitments. Many of the youth will not have been out-of-custody and in the community as an adult prior to release. Based on their ages, there will also no longer be legal obligation for parental care and custody. It is anticipated there will be a variety of tangible needs to help the release transition be more successful. Some examples of potential tangible needs may include food, clothing, transportation, vocation, and education supports. In addition, upon release there will be occasional need for housing supports, be it in sober living homes or other temporary housing options and funds will need to be set aside to provide support in this area. To accomplish this, funds will be designated to support efforts in this area, which may include the need to develop contracts with community-based organizations and other support-focused entities.

As we move forward with this population it is recognized that re-entry service gaps will likely be discovered. These may be vocational, recreational, treatment or some other areas. Probation will address these service gaps through contracted services, volunteer-based partnerships, and collaborative agency workgroups to help leverage resources and direct services based on the needs of the realigned population.

Re-Entry Coordinator: A Deputy Probation Officer assigned to the JDF will manage exit plans for youth prior to being released from commitments to address both custody and community needs upon release, coordinate services with all partnering agencies, oversee Pre-Release meetings, act as the facility liaison for assigned Probation Officers, facilitate connections with outside entities (Social Security Office, DMV for ID or CDL, birth certificates, Medi-Cal, etc.) and maintain a presence in the facility to build rapport with youth and determine any special interest or skills to be further encouraged through community referrals. Additionally, they will

schedule and conduct the Child and Family Team (CFT) meetings (described in the previous section) prior to release from custody.

Vocational Training: Youth will have access to work-based programs to enhance life skills and transitional opportunities upon release into the community, examples of which include: Serv Safe: Youth earn a certificate by completing tasks designed to mimic the restaurant industry. An online test must be passed to receive the certificate which is good for two years. The certificate translates to real world restaurant experience and the ability to step into a job in the restaurant industry immediately upon release.

Job Training Center: Youth will have the opportunity to learn how to build resumes, experience doing a live interview, and apply for actual jobs within the facility working on community service projects for the local community and getting paid in the form of gift cards, which as earned will be stored in their personals for when they are released from custody. They will also experience life skills training and the college application process.

Ongoing Educational Opportunities and Support: Students who have completed high school will have the opportunity to enroll in local colleges or vocational schools. Probation is exploring the possibility, depending on the level of security needed with everyone, to have youth attend classes online or possibly attend courses outside the facility if hands-on participation is required, and the youth is deemed suitable for this level of responsibility. STEP-UP is one such program where students who are high school graduates will have access to the Shasta Technical Education Program-United Partnership (aka: STEP-UP) which is a partnership program through Shasta College. The STEP-UP program combines support with accountability and community to assist students in making the transition to becoming successful, contributing member of society. Among the academic programs that STEP-UP supports: Adult Education, Agriculture, Automotive Technology, Business Administration, Culinary Arts, Equipment Operations and Maintenance, Industrial Technology, Office Administration, Welding Technology and more. STEP-UP also provides assistance for employment skills development and job searches.

Describe how the County plans to apply grant funds to address evidence-based, promising, trauma-informed and culturally responsive programs or services for the target population. Describe any progress made on this element since the previous annual plan submission (Welf. & Inst. Code §1995(d)(2) and (d)(8)):

The Tehama County Probation Department is committed to Evidence-Based Practices (EBP). EBP includes a wide variety of practices and treatments that have been validated through meta-analysis to reduce recidivism by addressing criminogenic needs and building on supportive factors. The core of EBP is an evidence-based assessment. Tehama County utilizes the Juvenile Assessment and Intervention System (JAIS) tool. This assessment both identifies a youth's risk level to reoffend as well as their criminogenic needs. This allows for individualized case plans that focus on those dynamic risk factors that lead to criminal behavior. In addition to the JAIS assessment tool, EBP includes evidence-based treatments. These are Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT) programs and other best practices that have been proven to address criminogenic needs and reduce recidivism. Examples include: Aggression Replacement Training (ART), Thinking for Change (T4C), and Moral Reconation Therapy (MRT). Both sworn and non-sworn staff, as well as contracted service providers will facilitate these treatment modalities to youth. The Tehama County Department of Education will be providing on-site general behavioral counseling services to all youth, as well as evidence-based, behavioral intervention programming via open group format or individually. Thinking for Change and Aggression Replacement Therapy and are two examples programs that will be offered and all programming will focus on social skills, mindfulness, trauma informed care, healthy relationships (domestic violence focused), suicide prevention and parent and/or family counseling. When developing and/or providing services for diverse populations, Tehama County considers a number of factors that may influence our approach, such as acculturation, ethnic identity,

religious identity, generational status, language barriers, recency of immigration, country of origin, political climate, socio-economic status, sexual identity and orientation, culturally based beliefs and practices, and attempt to match between the language and cultural backgrounds of program staff and youth served. Our goals are to: promote an environment which attracts, retains and fosters a diverse and multi-cultural staff; facilitate and encourage cross-cultural communication within the facility; ensure the development and implementation of cross-cultural diversity, knowledge, empathy and respect in policy, planning and service delivery systems within the facility; and in partnership with service providers and the community at large, seek and receive knowledge, information and resources from the community to improve staff knowledge, empathy and respect of the various community collectives. To increase cultural awareness and avoid varying attitudes, perceptions, prejudices, and biases often found in the juvenile justice system, and accommodate the needs of a growing ethnic population, the plan is to seek out on-going training in an effort to develop cultural understanding amongst the juvenile correctional staff.

Trauma Informed Care Based Approach:

Probation is dedicated to a Trauma Informed Care (TIC) based approach. The first part of TIC in the juvenile justice system is to recognize that most of the affected youth have experienced trauma in their lives. The next step is to put policies in place which attempt to minimize the potential for re-traumatization. Providing services and outlets to address trauma through both treatment and positive staff interactions is also key. Current training provided to staff that support a trauma-informed approach include:

Crisis Intervention Training (CIT): This course provides an overview on how to work proactively to increase pro-social behavior, teach skills, and positively change behavior. Information is shared on how to stay ahead of behavior working the environment to increase success from intake. Specific behavioral interventions and corrective teaching are covered for common mental health diagnoses seen in this setting. ACEs are reviewed with examples of triggers and fight/flight responses.

Ongoing training will be a priority to ensure the permanency of these practices. To support ongoing training efforts a Juvenile Detention Facility Supervisor will be the dedicated to overseeing research and coordinating formal and informal training for the facility and collaborative partners, with a primary focus on emerging TIC and behavioral health minded approaches to staff/youth interactions to supplement and enhance current training efforts already in place.

Describe whether and how the County plans to apply grant funds to include services or programs for the target population that are provided by non-governmental or community-based providers. Describe any progress made on this element since the previous annual plan submission (Welf. & Inst. Code §1995(d)(2) and (d)(8)):

It is recognized to accomplish the mission of successfully realigning the DJJ population it must be a collaborative effort. While the Probation Department will have primary responsibilities for security, services and treatment, numerous other partners will be significantly involved. Tehama County Department of Education and Shasta College will play a vital part in education services. Tehama County Public Health will provide health care services. Other important partners will be Tehama County Behavioral Health Services, Empower Tehama, volunteer groups, psychiatric services, employment training and other non-profits. In addition to those core partnerships, as we move forward with this population it is recognized that service gaps will likely be discovered. These may be occupational, recreational, treatment or some other area. Having funds available to address these service gaps is a sensible strategy to ensure that youths' needs will be met. Certain youth, depending on their circumstances or specialized needs, may present specialized treatment needs that could be better served by a community-based entity. Therefore, it is important to begin to prepare for such a contingency and grant funds will be set aside to be available for these types of services. The actual target

areas will be directed by the SB823 Subcommittee. It is anticipated there will be a variety of tangible needs to help the release transition be more successful. Some examples of tangible needs may include food, clothing, transportation, vocation, and education supports. In addition, upon release there will be occasional needs for housing supports, be it in sober living homes or other temporary housing options and funds will need to be set aside to provide support in this area. To accomplish this, funds will need to be designated to support efforts in this area, which may include the need to develop contracts with Community-Based Organizations and other support-focused entities. Probation will maintain a current resource list of community-based service providers to be able to refer youth being released to in order for the youth and family to know what is available to them within the community. The resource list will include agencies who provide support, services, and opportunities in the following areas: Employment/Job Readiness; Housing, Shelter, and Utility Services; Medical Services; Transportation Services; Legal Assistance; Child Care Services; and Support/Counseling Groups.

PART 5: FACILITY PLAN (WELF & INST. CODE § 1995(D)(4))

Provide a detailed facility plan indicating which facilities the county will use to house or confine realigned youth at varying levels of offense severity and treatment need. Include the following (Welf. & Inst. Code §1995(d)(4)):

- **Any less restrictive programs the county uses, and whether those programs are in facilities regulated by Subchapter 5 (commencing with Section 1300) of Chapter 1 of Division 1 of Title 15 of the California Code of Regulations**
- **Any county juvenile facility improvements made to support long-term commitments**
- **How the county will ensure youth safety and protection, including for youth of different ages, genders, special needs, and other relevant characteristics**

Describe any progress made on this element since the previous annual plan submission (Welf. & Inst. Code §1995(d)(8)):

Facility

Tehama County intends to utilize the Tehama County Juvenile Detention Facility to house youth. The detention facility is a secure residential institution with an operational capacity of 64 beds. The facility plant is divided into three pods each having 6 double and 8 single occupancy rooms with a dayroom for structured activities and classroom in each pod. The facility also includes an intake unit with 4 additional single room cells with negative air flow to be used for any communicable disease isolation, an additional room which is used for mental health counseling, and a family visitation area. The physical plant includes a full kitchen, an elevated control tower with window views into all three pods and intake, and a fenced recreation area.

Facility Upgrade Considerations

We are in the final stages of upgrading our Juvenile Detention Control board panel. A vendor has been selected and contract has been signed. We are waiting on delivery and installation. We have added additional cameras to enhance security since the last annual plan. We plan to provide contact visitation soon. We are still assessing options for providing additional space needed for increased recreational and programming needs.

Staffing

Youth will be housed in a safe environment in cooperation with Juvenile Detention Staff and partnering agencies.

• Juvenile Detention Officer (JDO): Will always be on site 24 hours a day for supervision of youth detained in the facility. There will always be an adequate number of personnel sufficient to carry out program activities, provide for safety and security of youth and staff, meet established standards and regulations, and ensure that no required services shall be denied due to insufficient numbers of staff on duty (absent exigent circumstances). The shift coverage for the units will be arranged to meet or exceed Title 15 Standards for juvenile detention facilities. JDO supervision encompasses all daily activities youth participate in including, unit programming, meals, physical education, school, room and unit clean-up, medical transports, vocational training, off-site visits, court appointments, visits, structured activities, and all other programs.

• Behavioral Health Staffing: Staff will be in communication with facility staff daily and on-call 24 hours a day in case of an emergency response as needed, or a mental health crisis takes place. Youth can request behavioral health services at any time by either verbal or confidential written request.

• Medical Staffing: Staff will be on-site every Monday/Wednesday/Friday to conduct initial medical evaluation on all newly booked youth. In-custody youth can verbally inform staff of any medical needs and staff can initial protocols or refer the youth to medical staff for evaluation as well. Emergency and after-hours services are provided by St Elizabeth's Community Hospital. Youth also have access to dental and vision services located offsite as well.

Additional Safety Measures and Protections:

• Classification System: The goal of the classification system is to promote a safe and secure environment for the youth and staff and to ensure that staff are respectful and equitable in treatment of transgender and intersex youth. The classification system provides suitable levels of security for each youth and imposes the least restrictive conditions that are practical. Additionally, it is the goal of the classification system to reclassify youth as circumstances warrant. This system is used to determine the following factors: Age, gender, sophistication, legal status, maturity, emotional stability, program needs, medical, mental health, public safety, and gender identity. In addition, the physical design of the facility as well as the changing population is always taken into consideration. In making a classification decision during booking, the highest classification rating shall be the base classification, with 707 findings of unfitness increasing the currently classification by one level. Any JDF Counselor can, with proper documentation, raise the classification status of a youth, however, a reduction in classification status requires the decision of a Supervising Juvenile Detention Facility Counselor.

The classification levels are as follows:

General (G) – Minimum potential risk to injure or escape, less sophisticated/less serious offenses, full unrestricted program, schoolroom, dayroom, community service.

Restricted (R) – Moderate potential of risk to injure or escape, less sophisticated/less serious offender, same program participation as (G) status with the exception: No work detail.

Security Risk (SR) – Potential of risk to injure or escape. Does not meet criteria for MSR Status but has demonstrated the need for security above (R) status. Reintegration from (MSR) status to a lesser classification, sophisticated/serious offender, but same program as (R) status with the exception: Not allowed out with general population (no group participation), school in their room.

Maximum Security Risk (MSR) – Youth booked on 707(b) charges will be initially considered as (MSR), with their status to be reviewed within 12 hours of booking to determine if change of status is needed based on behavior. (MSR) status applies to youth who have previously escaped with use of force from any locked facility (felony escape), youth who are on parole from any state who pose a maximum potential risk to injure or escape, or the sophisticated and serious offender.

The youth can also earn points to level up by choosing to show good behavior by following all facility rules and staff directives. Youth initially start out as a Level 1 (orange pants) and with positive behavior can attain Level 2 (yellow pants) and Level 3 (green pants) respectively. Once at Level 3 youth can potentially participate in activities outside the facility (ie: Woodshop, gardening, community projects, field trips, etc.)

• Prison Rape Elimination Act – Youth will have access to the Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) hotline. The Juvenile Detention Facility has a policy in place to investigate all sexually based accusations or complaints as serious, truthful, and time sensitive. PREA Investigators include supervisory staff or the Juvenile Detention Facility Superintendent. At any time during an investigation, outside law enforcement agencies may be called to conduct a criminal investigation. Victim Advocates will be available should they need to be utilized in any case. All information is considered confidential.

• Transgender Youth – Policies are in place to protect transgender and intersex youth. Upon initial entry to the Tehama County Juvenile Detention Facility youth who are identified as transgender participate with staff in determining housing, clothing, and supervision based on their gender identification.

• Special Education – In cooperation with the Tehama County Department of Education youth will have access to continued education and services. Individual Education Plans (IEP) and Education Related Mental Health Services (ERMHS) are available for those youth who qualify. The school will also work in cooperation with behavioral health providers, medical staff, and Probation to individualize each youth's program to meet their specific needs.

• Suicide Prevention – The Juvenile Detention Facility is committed to deterring and preventing self-harm and suicide within its facility. Policies are in place for supervision of youth identified as high-risk for this behavior. Each youth completes a Suicide Risk Assessment questionnaire upon entry into the facility. This risk assessment tool is utilized in determining the youth history, current state of mind, and potential for self-harm or suicidal ideation. Youth deemed to be an immediate risk are immediately assessed by Behavioral Health to determine program needs and supervisory objectives. Youth may be placed on Suicide Watch depending on their needs. Programs can be changed at any time during their stay with Behavioral Health's input and approval.

• Youth Grievances – Youth will be able to file a grievance at any time. Each youth will have access to grievances during their program. A confidential grievance box is made available in each pod, or youth may give them directly to supervisory staff. Grievances are taken seriously, handled in a timely manner. All are reviewed by facility administration

Maxine Singer Youth Guidance Center (aka: Camp Singer)

Tehama County contracts with Yuba and Sutter County Probation Departments to have youth attend the Maxine Singer Youth Guidance Center Camp Singer program as less restrictive program. Camp Singer regulated by Title 15 CCR and is a 365-day court commitment program for youth ages 14 and older, wherein the last phase is spent on a family furlough. Youth have the ability to graduate from the program up to six months earlier if their behavior and individual progress warrants an early release. The primary objectives of Camp Singer are to focus on community protection and redirection of maladaptive behaviors. Camp Singer focuses on providing a highly structured and disciplined environment which will help curb the youth's delinquent behavior.

PART 6: RETAINING THE TARGET POPULATION IN THE JUVENILE JUSTICE SYSTEM (WELF & INST. CODE § 1995(D)(5))

Describe how the plan will incentivize or facilitate the retention of the target population within the jurisdiction and rehabilitative foundation of the juvenile justice system, in lieu of transfer to the adult criminal justice system. Describe any progress made on this element since the previous annual plan submission (Welf. & Inst. Code §1995(d)(8)):

Tehama County Probation continues to work within the parameters of the legal system to ensure youth entering the Juvenile Justice System are given opportunities to succeed at the lowest level of supervision possible. Juvenile Justice Partners include the Tehama County Juvenile Court, the Tehama County District Attorney, court appointed public defenders, and community support advocates. These partners work closely to ensure fair, consistent, equal, and individual treatment for each youth.

Each individual case is assessed and evaluated before Court recommendations are made to ensure the best practices and services are directed to each individual youth. Probation utilizes the JAIS risk/needs assessment tool and case plan to assess level of risk to reoffend, identify criminogenic needs, and guide services. This allows incorporation of goals related to youths' court orders into their program to ensure youth are on track to meet achievable goals of being law-abiding and self-sufficient community members. Working with existing laws, only offenses eligible for transfer to the adult system would be considered. When considering Court recommendations on those cases, the underlying principle applied to the Court process will be that whenever possible and appropriate youths' cases should remain in the Juvenile Justice System.

Probation will continue to operate rehabilitative programs and refer youth to community-based services when appropriate to reduce youth recidivism and mitigate the need for the transfer of cases to the Adult Criminal Justice System. Only when findings are made by the Juvenile Court that services within the Juvenile Justice System are not appropriate to rehabilitate a youth will a case be transferred to the Adult Criminal Justice System. It is the goal that this program will be adequate with regard to both security and service provision to be a robust alternative and thereby limit the need for cases to be transferred to the Adult Criminal Justice System in all but the most serious cases.

PART 7: REGIONAL EFFORT (WELF & INST. CODE § 1995(D)(6))

Describe any regional agreements or arrangements supported by the County's block grant allocation. Describe any progress made on this element since the previous annual plan submission (Welf. & Inst. Code §1995(d)(8)):

Tehama County will serve youth locally unless substantial case factors indicate the youth would be better served another way. Youth committed to this program are not only at risk of further exposure to the Criminal Justice System, but they are at much higher risk to become disenfranchised within the community to which they will ultimately return. Family structure, family visits, positive peer and mentor involvement, and community service are keys to successful reintegration into the local community. Local programming, vocational training, higher education, and community ties are valuable to a youth's chances for success when released from the program. Tehama County is committed to prioritizing both the family bond and commitment to their community for these youth and local programming provide the best opportunity.

In addition to serving local youth, Tehama County currently provides detention and treatment services to seven rural Counties: Modoc, Glenn, Lake, Siskiyou, Lassen, Trinity and Plumas. The existing treatment program is proposed to be financially supported by the current seven contract counties.

Possible Regionally Contracted Specialize Services for Youth

Sex Offender Services - Probation has contracted with Shasta Treatment Associates in Redding California, for local sex offender treatment. Youth are initially assessed utilizing JSORRAT as well as any other applicable assessments depending on the age of the youth. Program attendance is every other week for a minimum of one year (with good participation) and the youth will be assigned homework in between sessions which will be monitored by Juvenile Detention Staff. It is also possible certain sex offenders will require a level of treatment necessitating a regional contract with another County who could provide group-based services with like offenders. Certain youth, depending on their circumstances or specialized needs, may benefit from non-local custodial placement. With the low numbers of sex offenders from Tehama County, it is possible for it to be in the best interest of the youth to get services from another County capable of serving more youth with similar needs, allowing for the group counseling dynamics needed in sex offender treatment.

PART 8: DATA (WELF & INST. CODE § 1995(D)(7))

Describe how data will be collected on youth served by the block grant. Describe any progress made on this element since the previous annual plan submission (Welf. & Inst. Code §1995(d)(8)):

Tehama County Probation is committed to having accurate and relevant data upon which informed decisions can be made regarding what is working, what is not and where resources should be best applied. We have an in-house Department Analyst who manages all our research, analysis and data. The Probation Department also routinely reports information to JCPSS system, annually through the CPOC annual report, and collects monthly statistical reports from Probation Officers. This information is used to direct resources and helps guide decision making for the Department's Management Team. In addition, the Superior Court has authored a Standing TNG Order that allows for information sharing on juvenile matters between specific agencies that have a vested interest and involvement in juvenile offenders' treatment plans and rehabilitation.

Statistical data will also be gathered on youth housed within the facility to gather demographic information and to monitor and gauge significant incidents which may occur. Categories in which statics will be complied include but are not limited to mutual fights, assaults, gang related graffiti/signs/comments/writing, suicide attempts, self-inflicted injuries, PREA incidents, suicides, escapes, escape attempts, and use-of-force. This data will be regularly reviewed by Probation Management.

Another important piece of data is getting feedback from the youth themselves. It is vital to understand how the affected youth are perceiving the services and supports being provided. Equally important is to gauge what service gaps exist from their perspective. While this feedback will be received during the normal course of interacting with the youth it is felt a formalized process to collect and analyze quantitative and qualitative data is needed. Therefore, formalized surveys will be conducted on a periodic basis, no less than two times per year. This data will be collated by the Department Analyst and shared with Probation Management and the SB823 subcommittee (JJCC) to help inform decisions moving forward.

Staff working directly with the youth will be continuously engaged in providing feedback to supervisors and management through scheduled unit meetings and ongoing conversations. In addition to these normal avenues of communication, staff will be given the opportunity to complete annual surveys related to the services and supports being provided, in order to formalize a process to collect and analyze quantitative and qualitative data.

Describe outcome measures that will be utilized to measure or determine the results of programs and interventions supported by block grant funds. Describe any progress made on this element since the previous annual plan submission (Welf. & Inst. Code §1995(d)(8)):

Reports will be developed for this population showing rates of entry to programs, successes and failures, recidivism rates, services for youth with disabilities and ultimately where resources should be directed to allow youth the best chance to succeed.

Measuring the success of those committed to the DJJ realignment program will be a significant indicator of how these youth will adjust once released back into the community. Attainable and measurable goals tied to the case plans and Court orders will be set through the course of their program to gauge case plan goal completion, progress, and to adjust to individual needs during their stay. The Probation Officer will establish attainable goals during assessments to focus youth on successful program completion. Examples of these goals would be high school graduation or equivalency, college course completion, vocational training certificate attainment, completion of Court-ordered programs and treatment, job training program enrollment, apprenticeships, and internships.

Juvenile Program Outcome Measure:

• Completion of the program without being charged with a new offense

• Risk assessment levels decrease during the program

• Completed life skills class (Job skills, applying for jobs, and budgeting)

• Clean and sober (Negative drug testing throughout the program)

• Maintain or work on obtaining a positive support system (family, friends, and mentors)

• Recidivism Outcome Measure:

  o No new charge – one year after completion

  o Obtaining/maintaining employment or attending school or college

  o Clean and sober – one year after completion of the program

PART 9: OTHER UPDATES: DESCRIBE ANY PROGRESS ON ELEMENTS SINCE THE PREVIOUS ANNUAL PLAN SUBMISSION: (WELF. & INST. CODE § 1995 (D)(8))

Provide a description of progress made regarding any plan elements and any objectives and outcomes in the prior year's plan, to the extent that they have not already been described above.

The Tehama County Probation Department contracted with an additional county, Modoc, to house their youth in this target population. Progress on other elements since the previous annual plan submission have been noted in previous sections of this report (substantial progress on upgrading our Juvenile Detention Control board panel, which will likely be complete this year [noted in Part 5], the addition of two new programs, Seven Challenges substance abuse treatment and the Resourceful Adolescent Program [noted in Part 3])

PART 10: PRIOR-YEAR EXPENDITURES-SUMMARY OF OUTCOMES/IMPACTS: (WELF. & INST. CODE § 1995(D)(9))

Please use the table provided below to summarize prior-year expenditures (e.g. for the 2026 JJRBG plan the summary entered into the table below would be for FY 2024-25 expenditures) in accordance with Welf. & Inst. Code §1995(d)(9), which requires counties to report:

- Total expenditures of block grant funds;
- Whether these expenditures were consistent with the plan described in subdivision (a); and
- How the expenditures improved outcomes for the realignment target population described in Section 1990.

Please itemize expenditures by each subject area described in Part 4 of the **previous year's** JJRBG submission.

Expenditure Subject Area[1]	Total Expenditures ($)	Were the expenditures consistent with the plan described for this subject area? (Yes/No)	Please describe why the expenditures were or were not consistent with the plan described for this subject area.	Please describe how the expenditures improved outcomes for the realignment of target population described in Section 1990.
Family Engagement Programs	$94,025	Yes	They were used to help fund the Parent Project with supplies and staffing	It provides parents with tools and skills they need to manage negative adolescent behavior
Non-Gov/CBO	$40,000	Yes	They were used to fund the STEP-UP program through Shasta College	It provides youth opportunity to explore a trade, or pursue a higher education, along with providing employment skills development and job searches
Evidence Based Practices Programs	$163,242.74	Yes	It consists of a variety of practices that are aimed at reducing recidivism. ARMOR, ART, and MRT	It provides youth the tools to learn how to reflect and envision an improved life environment that they can attain

[1] This table corresponds to Part 4 of the JJRBG County Plan Template and fulfills the reporting requirements of WIC §1995(d)(9) by itemizing expenditures according to the five areas of need or development for realigned youth described in WIC §1995(d)(3)(A)–(E).

Expenditure Subject Area[1]	Total Expenditures ($)	Were the expenditures consistent with the plan described for this subject area? (Yes/No)	Please describe why the expenditures were or were not consistent with the plan described for this subject area.	Please describe how the expenditures improved outcomes for the realignment of target population described in Section 1990.

Instructions to add more rows:

To add additional rows to the table, place your cursor in the last row and last column, then press Tab. This will automatically insert a new row below. Alternatively, right-click in the table, select Insert, and choose Insert Rows Below.

(1) A description of the realignment target population in the county that is to be supported or served by allocations from the block grant program, including the numbers of youth served, disaggregated by factors including their ages, offense and offense histories, gender, race or ethnicity, and other characteristics, and by the programs, placements, or facilities to which they are referred.

Target Population Disaggragated by Categories (Welf. & Inst. Code § 1990(D)(1)):

A. Age	Number of Youths
14	[redacted]
15	0
16	[redacted]
17	[redacted]
18	[redacted]
19	0
20	0
21	0
22	0
23	0
24	0
25 and older	0

B. Gender	Number of Youths
Male	[redacted]
Female	[redacted]
Non-binary	0
Declined to identify	0

C. Race or Ethnicity	Number of Youths
White/Caucasian	[redacted]
Hispanic or LatinX	[redacted]
Black/African American	0
Asian	0
American Indian or Alaskan Native	0
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0
Multi-Racial	0
Other	0
Unknown	0

F. Offense or Offense History	Number of Youths
Arson	0
Assault	[redacted]
Attempted Homicide	[redacted]
Homicide	0
Kidnapping	0
Robbery	0
Sex Offense	[redacted]
Use of Firearm	0
Violence Against Aged	0
Weapon of Mass Destruction	0
Witness Tampering	0
Other	0

D. Placement and/or Facility (Please provide the placement or facility names below)	Number of Youths
Enter Facility Name Here Identifying it as a SYTF within or out of county, type of LRP, or other type of placement.	
Tehama County Juvenile Detention Facility	[redacted]

E. Program (Please provide the name of specific programs below)	Number of Youths
Enter Program Name Here Identifying the type of program that the target population was enrolled in.	
Moral Reconation Therapy	[redacted]
Victor Youth Services- Counseling and Anger Management	[redacted]
Job Training Center	[redacted]
Department of Rehabilitation	[redacted]
Empower Tehama- Counseling and Healthy Relationships	[redacted]
Tehama County Drug and Alcohol	[redacted]
Aggression Replacement Therapy	[redacted]
Project Restore- mentoring and counseling	[redacted]
ARMOR- cognitive behavioral therapy	[redacted]